SCHENEGTARY, N.Y. Dec.14.—Speaking before about three hundred students and faculty of Union College who attended the International Relations Club here tonight, Fritz Kuhn, erman American Bund leader gave up the platform after he had fumblingly answered the searching questions put to him by the students and insisted that William Kunze, his "director of public entightment enlightenement" answer remaining questions of the forum part of the meeting.

Mr. Kithn in his direct address said that while the Bund was "hundred per cent "merican" in its membership, they were trying to effect "a perfect democracy" such as Nationalist Socialist movement in New Germany" by "persuading as many Americans as possible" through their "camps", speakers, and publications.

He gave a detailed description of the benefits Germany has gained through the Adolph **Atlan** Hitler leadership in which he emphasized that "everybody is now happy in Germany."

Following his talk, the students by a vote of 294 to 22 declared that they "were not in favor of the Nazi form of government now existing in Germany."

In introducing Mr. Kuhn, Professor Frank J. Manheim said: "Mr. Kuhn's presence here is welcomed because he represents part of the vast social phenomenon of society and its organization. He personifies a sociological fact, a reality which we students must observe and study if we are to substantiate our pretensions as students.

"I can freely admit, that I, for one, abhor and hate most of the principles for which Mr. Kuhn is said to stand. And I would resent it if anyone were so foolish as to consider my appearance here as an act of approbation or sympathy. And I would resent it if Union College's hospitality should be so construed.

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"Yet I resent even more, as a student and teacher of social phenomena in a country and institution which is dedicated to the liberal principles, the attitude of those he would deny us the right to investigate as we choose."

Mr. Kuhn's direct address, given extemporaneously, dealt with different subjects. He did not attempt to correlate them. Typical of his remarks were the following statements:

"After the war, Germany was masses and out. Then came along a simple man, Adolph Hitler, who solved every problem of the nation forever....

"We (the "erman-American Bund members) came to America been because we could not find work in Germany before Hitler and now we are staying in order to help solve America's problems and tell United States what is wrong.

"The American Bund members are not Nazis. But we are following the National Socialist philosophy because that is the best. If we had free speech in America, you too would know this to be true. But newspapers in America do not print the truth they print only what they are paid to print.

"It is not true that in Nazi Germany the Church is molested. All we ask is that the kkex church should not take part in the political life of the nation.

"It is not true that Jews are being mistreated. Why, when I was in Germany last year I tried to buy a swastika flag and everywhere I went they were sold out. But when I went into a Jewish store, they had lots of them. The Jew there begged me to tell Americans 'to lay off the boycott of German goods.'

"Germany has helped herself through National Socialistic philosophy and we of the Bund are trying to help America to help herself too."

In the forum which followed, Fritz Kuhn flatly denied ("It's a lie!") that Germany was sending men and munitions into civil war torn Spain. He similarly denied that Hitler is seeking war, "how could Hitler want war?" he parried the student's question.

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Asked what American newspapers printed the "truth" he said the "New Deal" of New York City was the only one.

Asked why be continually referred to Europexx being divided in either into "communist or fascist" camps" when there were democracies such as England to be considered, Mr. Kuhn said England was not a democracy because it was "run by the House of Notschild". Pressed further, he admitted that Germany was the most "perfect democracy".

Asked if American students could speak in Germany on American democracy, he said "see me. I'll fix it." Later, however, he admitted that unless a speech would favor the existing regime it would "naturally" not be allowed since the world is rotting from it misguided internationalism. "He said the Germans would not support the principle of "exaggerated free speech."

Before he finished, Mr. Kuhn suggested that Nazis believed in Christianity and were against atheism, but he denied, a few moments later, the validity of an international philosophy of any sort.

Mr. Kunze adroitly parried every question— such as, how does the American Bund hope to effect "perfect democracy in America? what would they do to the present editors of American newspapers? who furnished the money with which Hitler's movement came into power? who is furnishing the money for the Bund's activities? and similar queries, with evasive answers that finally resulted in the forum being stopped.

latter and its out the extremely consecharacter of the latter a wealthy middle class base.

The army and the majority of government offices, he showed, drew their leadership from the Federal wealthy merchants and landlords.

The rule of the Republic proving I unsatisfactory in regard to the public proving I unsatisfactory in regard to the public strikes and disatisfaction became hydespread though not violent. Une elections of 1933 ushered in k more Fascist measures and under sthe stimulus of Roles, suppression of civil liberties multiplied. This persecution, the "hounding of the h trade unions," the use of military if force against strikers, culminated the in 1934 when the miners of Asturia, northern Spain, formed a Worker's Alliance and struck for This marked the beginning of the United Front, despite or be preause of the violent suppression and defeat of the strike by Fascis forces, sixty thousand of the strik ers were imprisoned, 5,000 killed 10,000 wounded. It was in this strike breaking activity that Gen eral Franko became famous for hi

that the Fascists made in not build ing a mass support as Hitler and Mussolini had done.

This error led to the surprise election of 1936 when the Popula. Frnot revealed itself in all it of strength, the unity of liberal Republicans, trade unions, and radi cals around a "stop Fascism and sane Democracy" program. With Econtrol of the government in their strength. hands the Democratic leader were just beginning to introduc reforms when the army unde

Fascist leadership rebelled.
Finally Mr. Manheim outlined the military steps that followed the financing of the Fascists by deJuan March, probably the richest proman in Spain, and remarkable sesistance that people of Spain our are showing against the rebels.

College President

Monday, Dec. 7—The name of Amos Dean of the class of 1826 has been burled under what it now seems were the lesser achievements of his life. He is known as the founder of the Albany Medical College (1838), a founder of the Albany lege (1838), a founder of the Albany lege (1838), a founder of the Albany of Law School (1851), as famous a professor of law, and as an author of books on law. Some remember him as the first president of the chim as the first president of the collinearity of Iowa. A handful and know that he was the author of a seven volume "History of Civiliza-1 tion."

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The twenty "syntheses of univeral history, even worthy of meremention, from Dr. David Ramsay's "Universal History Americanized "..." to Harry Elmer Barnes' recent work, have been, with but one exception, little more than hacknew, and prints of the celebrated creations of gle exception is the "History of gle exception is the "History of Clynization" by Amos Dean, the Albany Law School professor.

Outness Printed Posthumously Dean wrote his seven volume arrative and was revising it a third time when interrupted by bin death in 1868. Friends took the well at prepared manuscript to Joel Mun. The sell, Albany publisher who brought out the seven volumes within a jugar by arranging publication on a

simple mechanism. There are, all told, six fundamental elements out of which civilization is composed. They are: industry, religion, government, society, philosophy, and art. These, said Dean, 'are so many vast organizing forces that, together, embrace and exhaust all there is of human power, energy, and activity."

In writing the history of the six component parts of civilization Dean did not trace the development of any one from its earliest appearance to the latest period. He rather combined the chronological approach to historical facts with topical. According to him there have been eighteen people or nathor sometimes called "cultures," which have been "essential links in the great chain of civilization;" the romantic "races in Assia, the Scythians, Huns, Turks, Mongols, and Tartars, and the "nations" of Chaldea, Assyria, Babulonia, Medo-Persia, Egypt, Arabia, Palestine, Phoenicia, Syria, Asia Minor, Greece, Rome, and then "the states and kingdoms of modern Europe considered together."

LBANY, N. Y. KNICKER, PRESS NOVEMBER 20, 1936

PROFESSOR PAYS

Union Educator Tells Court He Was Rushing Student to Class

along New Scotland Avenue is no way to take him back to class, says customary traces and goes on binge, driving 55 miles an ho along New Scotland Avenue is When a student kroks Justice Kampf.

Arraigned in Traffic Court yester-av for speeding, Prof. Frank J. adopting that procedure. The professor said he was in a bit of a hurry because his charge was "un-Manheim of Union College, Scheday for speeding, Prof. Frank

That "made the situation doubly hazardous, for it could not help but affect your driving," remarked the court. "As a college professor, you certainly should have displayed better judgment."

On Dean's Philosophy Give Public Lecture Union Instructor Will

tructor in history at night to deliver a puba new function, the cial Studies Club of

wrote the seven volume "History of Givilization."

Amoe Dean, a native of Albany, was a lawyer, scholar and author. He was instrumental in founding the Young Men's Association, the Albany Law School, the Albany of Medical School, Albany Academy for girls and Dudley Observatory. Mr. Manheim will use as the base pub- of his lecture Dean's "History of Sivilization." which some critics out of the best history of who civilization written by an American.

Professor Manheim was arrested Tuesday by Patrolmen Charles V. O'Hagen and William P. Carroll.
However, Professor Manheim was far more fortunate than, a companion defendant William McClure of 321 10th Street Troy, who was taxed \$25 on a specting charge. Darwin Tayntor, Stamford, paid \$5 for the same offense. The court observed the circumstances differed.

I tring Woodin, R.D. 4, Troy, fortung Woodin, R.D. 4, Troy, fortured \$5 and Lucian H. Wagar, Prespenkill, paid \$3, for passing red

A s. fine from Albert Bruno, 188 Hill Street, Troy, for left-handed driving around a trolley car, completed the day's business.